Pre Calc Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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WS Assessment

Target 17

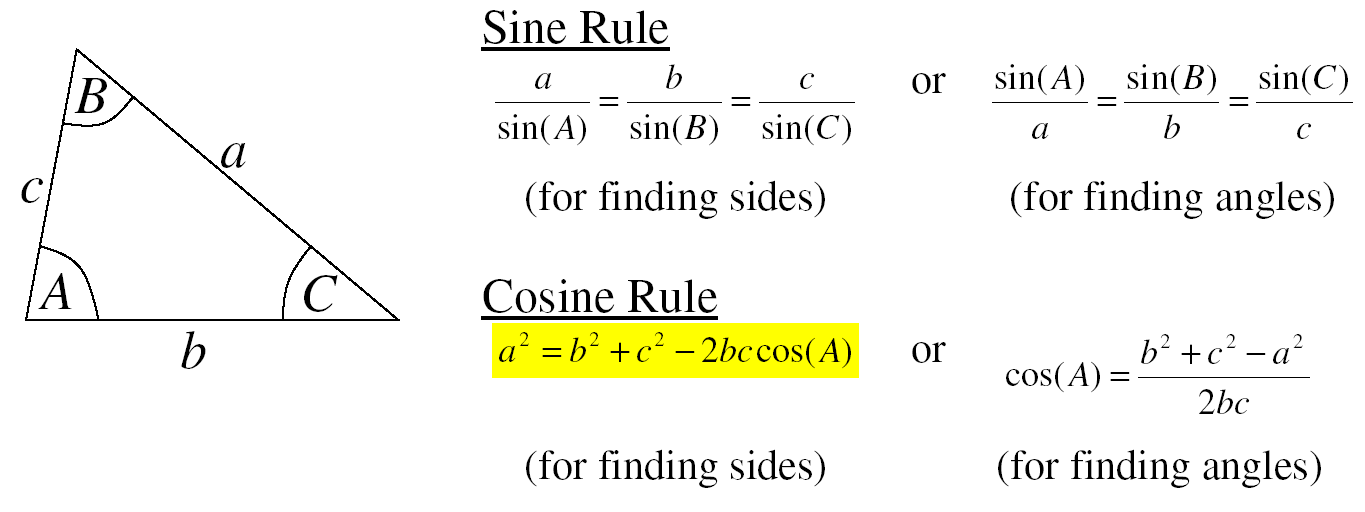
Additional topics

in Trigonometry

* The Law of Sines
* The Law of Cosines
* Vectors: Operations and Applications
* Components of Vectors and Unit Vectors
* Complex Numbers in Trigonometric Form
* Using DeMoivre's Theorem to find Powers and Roots of Complex Numbers

HW 17 Additional Topics in Trig deltamath.com

Solving Triangle: Law of Sine and Law of Cosine

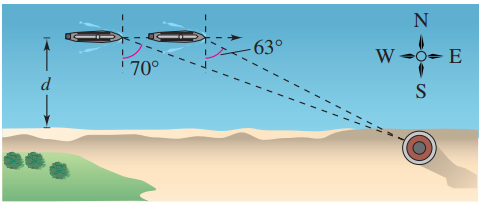


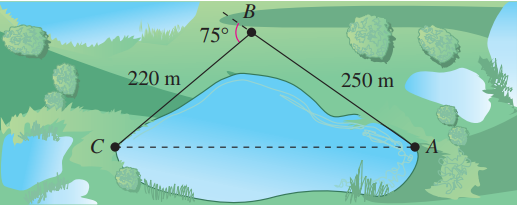
There are 3 sides and 3 angles. Problem will give any three and ask for the remaining three.

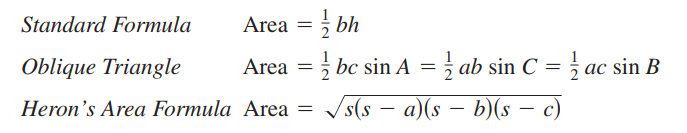
|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Given 2 sides and 1 angle in between | Given 2 sides and 1 angle not in between | Given 2 angles and 1 side in between |
| Given 2 angles and 1 side not in between | Given 3 sides |  |

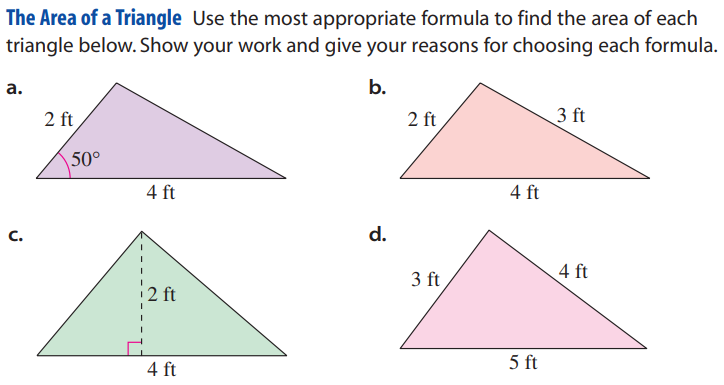
Because of prevailing winds, a tree grew so that it was leaning 4o from the vertical. At a point 35 meters from the tree, the angle of elevation to the top of the tree is 23o.

Find the height of the tree

A boat is sailing due east parallel to the shoreline at a speed of 10 miles per hour. At a given time, the bearing to the lighthouse is S 70o E, and 15 minutes later the bearing is S 63o E (see figure). The lighthouse is located at the shoreline. What is the distance from the boat to the shoreline?

To approximate the length of a marsh, a surveyor walks 250 meters from point to point , then turns and walks 220 meters to point (see figure). Approximate the length of the marsh.



Area of Triangle

Quantities such as force and velocity involve both **magnitude** and **direction** and cannot be completely characterized by a single real number. To represent such a quantity, you can use a directed line segment, called vector. The directed line segment has initial point P and terminal point Q.

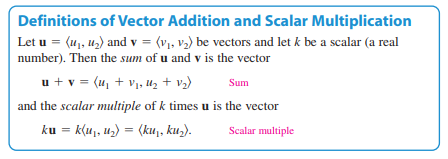
Its magnitude (or length) is denoted by and can be found using the Distance Formula.

Component form where a = (x2 – x1) and b = (y2 – y1)

Given R = (-4, 2) S = (-1, 6) O – (0, 0) and P = (3, 4). Show that = (same length and direction)

Let v is compent of RS, v = (\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_). Let u is compent of OP, u = (\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_).

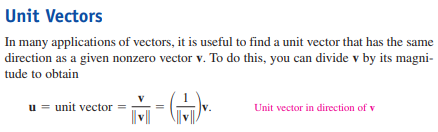
Its length = ? Direction, slope RS = Its length = ? Direction, slope OP =

Given and . Find the component and magnitude of

both algebra and graphically (geogebra.org). Stamp

u + v 3u 2u – v

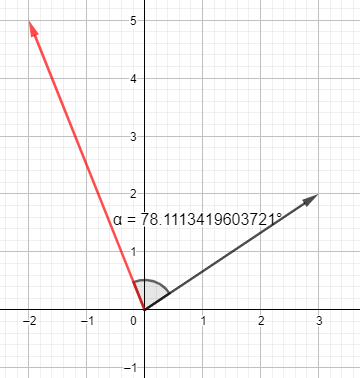




Let Find its unit vector and confirm that its magnitude is 1

The unit vector i (x-axis) and (y-axis) are the standard unit vector. Any vector v can be rewritten using standard unit vectors as

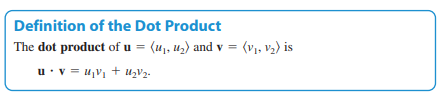
The unit vector in direction of v is where is direction angle



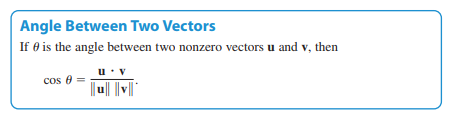
Given and .

Find direction angle of u and v, then the angle between u and v.

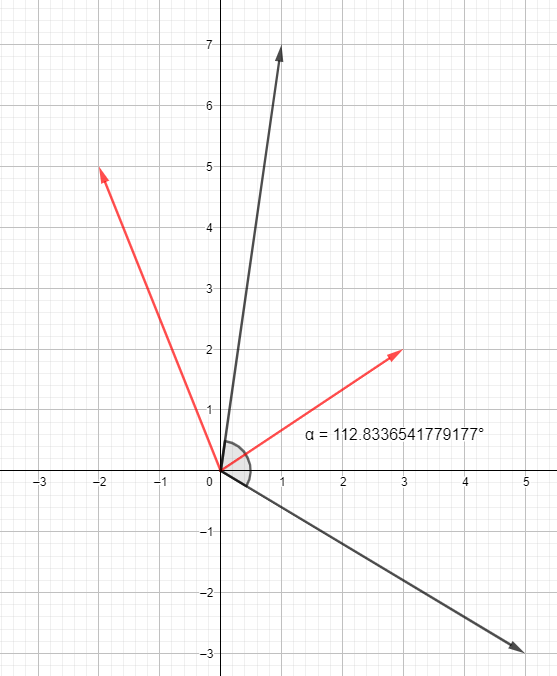
Stamp graph

Given and . Find the component and magnitude of (check by geogebra)

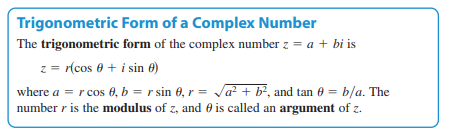
u v u2v (u

Given and .

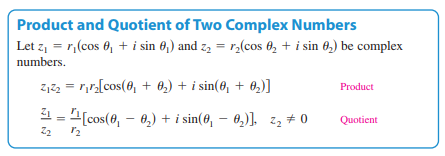
Find angle between u and v (same last problem)

Given and . Find the component and magnitude of vector m = u + v and n = u – v

Find the angle in between vector m and n in two ways and check by graph. Stamp



Convert to trig form Convert to standard form

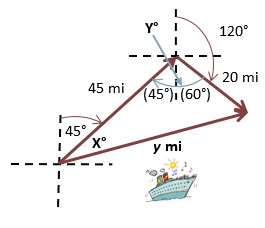


Given two complex number and - 4i. Find their product and quotient in both ways (algebra and trig)

Use De Moivre theorem find

Find three cube root of z = -2 + 2i

**Target 17 Assessment**

****A cruise ship travels at a **bearing** of **45°** at **15** mph for **3** hours, and changes course to a bearing of **120°**. It then travels **10** mph for **2** hours. Find the distance the ship is from its **original position** and also its**bearing** from the original position.

Redo this problem using vector

Given vector v = 3i – j and u = -i + 2j. Find the angle between two vectors in two ways

Given two complex number and + 4i. Find their product and quotient in both ways (algebra and trig)

Use De Moivre theorem find